

# **Evaluation of Salinity Tolerance Indices in seedling of maize (Zea mays**

Collado, Mónica B. 1,3; Mónica B. Aulicino1; Miguel J. Arturi1; María del C. Molina1,2

<sup>1</sup>Instituto Fitotécnico de Santa Catalina, Facultad de Ciencias Agrarias y Forestales, Universidad Nacional de La Plata. Garibaldi 3400, Llavallol (1836) Provincia de Buenos Aires, Argentina; <sup>2</sup> CONICET; <sup>3</sup>genetica@agro.unlp.edu.ar

Collado, Mónica B.; Mónica B. Aulicino; Miguel J. Arturi; María del C. Molina (2015) Evaluation of Salinity Tolerance Indices in seedling of maize (Zea mays L.). Rev. Fac. Agron. Vol 114 (1): 27-37

The aims of this research were: to study the application of different tolerance Indices in traits measured in maize seedlings and to assess their possible use in the identification of genotypes tolerant to salinity. Sixty eight accessions were tested in two environments (0 and 100mM NaCl). We recorded length for radicle, shoot and third leaf and dry weight for root and shoot. Six stress tolerance indices were included: stress susceptibility (SSI), stress tolerance index (STI), stress tolerance (TOL), geometric mean productivity (GMP), mean productivity (MP) and yield stability index (YSI. Saline environments show a great spatial variation in relation to the salt concentration, for this reason it would be important to identify genotypes with stable behavior in a variety of saline soils. The biplot method allowed clustering accessions, traits measured in stress and non stress environment and salt tolerance Indexes in a same graphic, and showed that GMP, MP and STI indexes were the ones who helped identify the high yielding (group A genotype) and stable accessions, characterized by a high expression of these characters in both environments. Principal Component method showed that shoot dry weight and root length had the highest contribution and both were associated with these above indices in salinity. Therefore, in this study the accessions: 1, 7, 30, 33, 43 and 45 had stable values for the traits root length and shoot dry weight. Within this group the 30 and 33 entries were superior (bellowing to Group A genotypes) because they had the highest PC1 scores but its PC2 scores were rather small for the most of the variables.

**Key words:** Zea mays, seedling growth, selection, salinity tolerance, stability

Collado, Mónica B.; Mónica B. Aulicino; Miguel J. Arturi; María del C. Molina (2015) Aplicación de índices de tolerancia a la salinidad en plántulas de maíz. Rev. Fac. Agron. Vol 114 (1): 27-37

Los objetivos de este trabajo fueron: estudiar la aplicación de diferentes índices de tolerancia en caracteres de plántulas de maíz y evaluar su posible utilidad en la identificación de genotipos tolerantes a la salinidad. Se probaron 68 accesiones en dos ambientes (0 y 100m MCINa). Se midieron: largo de raíz, vástago y 3ª hoja y peso seco de raíz y de parte aérea. Se incluyeron 6 índices de tolerancia: índice de susceptibilidad al estrés (SSI), índice de tolerancia al estrés (STI), tolerancia al estrés (TOL), media geométrica de la productividad (GMP), productividad media (MP) e índice de estabilidad del rendimiento (YSI). Debido a la variación espacial relacionada con la concentración de sal en ambientes salinos, sería importante identificar genotipos estables frente a una gama amplia de suelos salinos. El biplot agrupó las accesiones, caracteres medidos en ambientes con y sin estrés e índices de tolerancia a sal, y demostró que los índices GMP, MP y STI fueron los que permitieron identificar los accesiones estables que se caracterizan por tener una alta expresión de estos caracteres en ambos ambientes. La aplicación del método de Componentes Principales (CP) identificó a los caracteres peso seco aéreo y largo de raíz como los de mayor contribución y ambos estuvieron asociados con dichos indices de tolerancia a salinidad. De esta manera, en este estudio las accesiones 1, 7, 30, 33, 43 y 45 fueron los más estables para los caracteres peso seco aéreo y largo de raíz. Entre ellos las accesiones 30 y 33 fueron superiores (pertenecientes a genotipos del Grupo A) porque mostraron los escores más altos sobre el eje CP1 pero sus aportes al CP2 fueron bastantes pequeños, para la mayoría de las variables.

Palabras clave: Maíz, plántula, selección, tolerancia a salinidad, estabilidad

Recibido: 27/09/2013 Aceptado: 12/03/2015

Disponible on line: 15/06/2015

# **INTRODUCCION**

Salinity is one of the major obstacles to increasing crop production worldwide. Therefore, the need for genetic improvement of salt tolerance is great and is expected to increase dramatically in the future.

Different methods are used to screen for salt tolerance, and several physiological and morphological traits have been reported as being reliable indicators for the selection of germplasm possessing high degree of salinity tolerance. These characteristics include seed germination and seedling growth under saline conditions (Ashraf et al., 1992; 2002), the degree of electrolyte leakage (cell membrane stability, CMS) from salinity-damaged leaf cells and the water relations of plants (Ashraf et al., 2005; Collado et al., 2010). These traits measured in field and laboratory showed significant correlations (Ashraf et al., 1996; 1999; 2005). Then, the salt tolerance tested under laboratory and greenhouse conditions should reflect this character under field conditions (Sammons et al., 1978). Furthermore, it has been shown in several crops that the tolerance evidenced in the seedling stage is also manifested at the adult plant level. This property has been successfully used in: maize (Ashraf & McNeilly, 1990: Maiti et al. 1996), pearl millet (Kebebew & Mc Neilly, 1994), lucerne (Al-Khalib et al., 1993) and several forage grass species (Ashraf et al., 1994) since early stages of a breeding program. For improving salt tolerance, the number of genotypes or accessions to be evaluated is usually high the screening at seedling stage could be used for a preliminary selection in these species.

Selection of different entries under a wide range of environments is important in a breeding program. When the genotypes are tested in contrasting conditions (nonstress versus stress), these can be classified into four groups: (A) Genotypes producing high yield under both stress and non-stress environments, (B) genotypes with high yield under non-stress environments, (C) genotypes with high yield under stress environments and (D) genotypes with poor performance under both stress and non-stress environments (Fernandez, 1992). Three breeding approaches for abiotic stress tolerance have been evolved. The first one is to breed for high yield under optimum condition. As the maximum genetic potential of yield is expected to be realized under optimum condition and a high positive correlation exists between performance in optimum and stress conditions. a genotype superior under optimum level will also yield relatively well under stress condition. However, the presence of genotype x environment interaction may restrict the high-yielding genotype to perform well under stress condition. Thus, as a second approach, the breeding under stress condition has been suggested. The problem in this approach is that the intensity of stress is highly variable from year to year and as a consequence the efficiency of selection for stress tolerance is reduced. The simultaneous selection in non-stress environment for yield and in stress condition for stability may be done an alternative approach to achieve the desired goal of evolving stress-resistant genotype with high yield. Due to the spatial and temporal variability in salinity within most agricultural systems, a stable cultivar must possess stress tolerance

mechanisms that prevent excessive yield reductions in stress environments. The grain yield and yield stability under environmental stress remain a major selection criteria for stress tolerance in many breeding programs (Mitra, 2001). Yield stability is a measure of variation between potential and actual yield of a genotype across changing environments (Blum, 1980). This relative performance in salt stress compared with a non-saline soil has been used for screening salinity-resistant genotype (Igartua, 1995).

There are several tolerance indices for screen genotypes to stress tolerance such as geometric mean productivity (GMP) (Fernández, 1992), mean productivity (MP) (Rosielle & Hamblin, 1981), stress susceptibility index (SSI) (Fischer & Maurer, 1978), yield stability index (YSI) (Bouslama & Schapaugh, 1984), stress tolerance index (STI) (Fernández, 1992) and tolerance index (TOL) (Rosielle & Hamblin, 1981) that identify susceptible and resistance genotypes based on their yields in stress and non-stress environments. A suitable index must be able to distinguish group A genotypes from the other groups (Fernandez, 1992).

Even if these selection indices were used to identify drought—tolerance; they could be used for another stress like the one induced by salinity soils. Besides although seed yield is the most frequently traits, is not the only one that could be used for screening. In this view, Ashraf et al. (2006) used these indices to explore the salinity tolerance in a grass species in several traits measured in seedlings like plant height and dry matter. For estimating tolerance indices to drought stress, Moayedi et al. (2009) employed several traits of wheat seedlings like seed germination, root length, root dry weight and seedling dry weight.

The best selection index must be able to distinguish genotypes that have uniform superiority in both stress and no-stress environment (Fernandez, 1992). A larger value of TOL and SSI show relatively more sensitivity to stress, thus a smaller values of TOL and SSI are favored. Several authors noticed that selection based on these two indexes favors genotypes with low yield under non-stress conditions and high yield under stress conditions (Fernandez, 1992; Golabadi et al., 2006). STI and GMP tend to select genotypes with high yield under stress and non-stress conditions, while SSI only high-yielding genotypes under stress identifies conditions (Khalili et al., 2004; Souri et al., 2005; Karami et al., 2006). Genotypes are more stables if STI and GMP show higher values, then the selection based on these indices would result in genotypes with higher stress tolerance and good yield potential (Fernandez, 1992).

In a breeding program to identify salt tolerance, it would be very useful the early selection of tolerant accessions. In this sense the characters evaluated during germination and seedling stage would help to a early identification of the best entries. The objectives of present study were: to study the application of different tolerance Indices of traits measured in maize seedlings and assess their possible use in the identification of genotypes of maize tolerant to salinity.

# **MATERIALS AND METHODS**

#### Plant material

Seeds of 68 different accessions (8 inbred lines and 60 landraces) were evaluated. The accessions represent a wide range of racial origins, maturity and grain type (Table 1). Landraces seeds were ceded by Germplasm Bank of INTA Pergamino and the inbred lines supplied by Instituto Fitotécnico Santa Catalina (La Plata University, FCAyF).

# **Experiment design and traits**

Seeds were sterilized in the surface with 1% sodium

hypochlorite solution for 5 minutes before experimentation, then rinsed with distilled water. Pregerminated caryopses were transferred to pots containing perlite. These pots were put in trays with half strength Hoagland's solution. The solutions were renewed every three days. The experiment was carried out in a controlled environment room at 25 °C, with 16h day length. A completely randomized design with three replicates was adopted. Each replicate was a plot with three plants (experimental unit). Three plots per accession were assigned to each treatment. Two treatments were used: 0 (as control) and 100mM NaCl (Fortmeier & Schubert, 1995; Azevedo Neto et al., 2004

Table 1. Name of accessions, kernel type, genetic structure and place of collections. \*: these entries correspond to inbrees lines and the remaining genotypes are landraces belong to INTA Pergamino. N/D: no data

N°         Entry         Kernel Type         Province         N°         Entry         Kernel Type         Province           1         ARZM01001         Red flint         Buenos Aires         35         ARZM17026         Red flint         San Luis           3         ARZM01006         Red flint         Buenos Aires         36         ARZM17035         Red flint         San Luis           4         ARZM01009         Red flint         Buenos Aires         38         ARZM17040         Red flint         San Luis           5         ARZM01013         Red flint         Buenos Aires         39         ARZM17056         Red flint         San Luis           6         ARZM01015         Red flint         Buenos Aires         40         ARZM18001         Red flint         La Pampa           7         ARZM01039         Red flint         Buenos Aires         41         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           8         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         42         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01005<					-			
2         ARZM01005         Red flint         Buenos Aires         36         ARZM17035         Red flint         San Luis           3         ARZM01006         Red flint         Buenos Aires         37         ARZM17035         Red flint         San Luis           4         ARZM01013         Red flint         Buenos Aires         39         ARZM17056         Red flint         San Luis           6         ARZM01015         Red flint         Buenos Aires         40         ARZM18001         Red flint         La Pampa           7         ARZM01029         Red flint         Buenos Aires         41         ARZM18005         Red flint         La Pampa           8         ARZM01039         Red flint         Buenos Aires         42         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           9         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18010         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18012         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01008         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM020	N°	Entry	Kernel Type	Province	N°	Entry	Kernel Type	Province
3         ARZM01006         Red flint         Buenos Aires         37         ARZM17035         Red flint         San Luis           4         ARZM01009         Red flint         Buenos Aires         38         ARZM17040         Red flint         San Luis           5         ARZM01013         Red flint         Buenos Aires         40         ARZM18001         Red flint         La Pampa           6         ARZM01029         Red flint         Buenos Aires         40         ARZM18005         Red flint         La Pampa           8         ARZM01039         Red flint         Buenos Aires         41         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           9         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         42         ARZM18001         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18010         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01080         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM02010         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           13         ARZM02	1	ARZM01001	Red flint	Buenos Aires	35	ARZM17001	Red flint	San Luis
4         ARZM01009         Red flint         Buenos Aires         38         ARZM17040         Red flint         San Luis           5         ARZM01013         Red flint         Buenos Aires         39         ARZM17056         Red flint         San Luis           6         ARZM01015         Red flint         Buenos Aires         40         ARZM18001         Red flint         La Pampa           7         ARZM01029         Red flint         Buenos Aires         41         ARZM18005         Red flint         La Pampa           8         ARZM01039         Red flint         Buenos Aires         42         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18010         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01050         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18012         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01080         Red flint         Buenos Aires         45         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM01010         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           13         ARZM0	2	ARZM01005	Red flint	<b>Buenos Aires</b>	36	ARZM17026	Red flint	San Luis
5         ARZM01013         Red flint         Buenos Aires         39         ARZM17056         Red flint         San Luis           6         ARZM01015         Red flint         Buenos Aires         40         ARZM18001         Red flint         La Pampa           7         ARZM01029         Red flint         Buenos Aires         41         ARZM18005         Red flint         La Pampa           8         ARZM01039         Red flint         Buenos Aires         42         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           9         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18010         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18012         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01080         Red flint         Buenos Aires         45         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM01020         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18037         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18043         Red flint         Ned flint         Ned flint         Ned flint	3	ARZM01006	Red flint	Buenos Aires	37	ARZM17035	Red flint	San Luis
6         ARZM01015         Red flint         Buenos Aires         40         ARZM18001         Red flint         La Pampa           7         ARZM01029         Red flint         Buenos Aires         41         ARZM18005         Red flint         La Pampa           8         ARZM01039         Red flint         Buenos Aires         42         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           9         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18010         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01008         Red flint         Buenos Aires         45         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM01002         Red flint         Suenos Aires         46         ARZM18037         Red flint         La Pampa           13         ARZM02005         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18033         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         48         ARZM19010         Yellow flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM03	4	ARZM01009	Red flint	Buenos Aires	38	ARZM17040	Red flint	San Luis
7         ARZM01029         Red flint         Buenos Aires         41         ARZM18005         Red flint         La Pampa           8         ARZM01039         Red flint         Buenos Aires         42         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           9         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18010         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18012         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01080         Red flint         Buenos Aires         45         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM02005         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18043         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19060         Red flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM02016         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19060         Red flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Néuquén           17         ARZM03020	5	ARZM01013	Red flint	<b>Buenos Aires</b>	39	ARZM17056	Red flint	San Luis
8         ARZM01039         Red flint         Buenos Aires         42         ARZM18006         Red flint         La Pampa           9         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18010         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18012         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01080         Red flint         Buenos Aires         45         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM02005         Red flint         Buenos Aires         46         ARZM18037         Red flint         La Pampa           13         ARZM02005         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18043         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         48         ARZM19006         Red flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM030303         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM20010         White flint         N/D           17         ARZM03032	6	ARZM01015	Red flint	<b>Buenos Aires</b>	40	ARZM18001	Red flint	La Pampa
9         ARZM01043         Red flint         Buenos Aires         43         ARZM18010         Red flint         La Pampa           10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18012         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01080         Red flint         Buenos Aires         45         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM01102         Red flint         Buenos Aires         46         ARZM18037         Red flint         La Pampa           13         ARZM02005         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18043         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         48         ARZM19010         Yellow flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM02016         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19068         Red flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Rio Negro           17         ARZM03031         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM20011         Yellow flint         N/D           18         ARZM03022	7	ARZM01029	Red flint	<b>Buenos Aires</b>	41	ARZM18005	Red flint	La Pampa
10         ARZM01052         Red flint         Buenos Aires         44         ARZM18012         Red flint         La Pampa           11         ARZM01080         Red flint         Buenos Aires         45         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM02005         Red flint         Buenos Aires         46         ARZM18037         Red flint         La Pampa           13         ARZM02005         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18043         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         48         ARZM19010         Yellow flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM02016         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19068         Red flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Río Negro           17         ARZM03013         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM21011         Yellow flint         N/D           18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73 *         Yellow flint         N/D           19         ARZM03034         <	8	ARZM01039	Red flint	Buenos Aires	42	ARZM18006	Red flint	La Pampa
11         ARZM01080         Red flint         Buenos Aires         45         ARZM18017         Red flint         La Pampa           12         ARZM01102         Red flint         Buenos Aires         46         ARZM18037         Red flint         La Pampa           13         ARZM02005         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18043         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         48         ARZM19010         Yellow flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM02016         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19068         Red flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM03033         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Río Negro           17         ARZM03013         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM21011         Yellow flint         Chubut           18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73 *         Yellow flint         N/D           20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75 *         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red	9	ARZM01043	Red flint	<b>Buenos Aires</b>	43	ARZM18010	Red flint	La Pampa
12         ARZM01102         Red flint         Buenos Aires         46         ARZM18037         Red flint         La Pampa           13         ARZM02005         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18043         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         48         ARZM19010         Yellow flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM02016         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19068         Red flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Río Negro           17         ARZM03013         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM21011         Yellow flint         Chubut           18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73*         Yellow dent         N/D           19         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         53         AD3*         Red flint         N/D           20         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564*         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04018         Camelia	10	ARZM01052	Red flint	<b>Buenos Aires</b>	44	ARZM18012	Red flint	La Pampa
13         ARZM02005         Red flint         Santa Fe         47         ARZM18043         Red flint         La Pampa           14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         48         ARZM19010         Yellow flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM02016         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19068         Red flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Río Negro           17         ARZM03013         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM21011         Yellow flint         Chubut           18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73 *         Yellow flint         Chubut           19         ARZM03023         Camelia         Entre Ríos         53         AD3 *         Red flint         N/D           20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75 *         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564 *         Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia	11	ARZM01080	Red flint	Buenos Aires	45	ARZM18017	Red flint	La Pampa
14         ARZM02006         Red flint         Santa Fe         48         ARZM19010         Yellow flint         Neuquén           15         ARZM02016         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19068         Red flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Río Negro           17         ARZM03013         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM21011         Yellow flint         Chubut           18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73*         Yellow dent         N/D           19         ARZM03023         Camelia         Entre Ríos         53         AD3*         Red flint         N/D           20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75*         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564*         Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3*         Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco	12	ARZM01102	Red flint	Buenos Aires	46	ARZM18037	Red flint	La Pampa
15         ARZM02016         Red flint         Santa Fe         49         ARZM19068         Red flint         Neuquén           16         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Río Negro           17         ARZM03013         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM21011         Yellow flint         Chubut           18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73 *         Yellow dent         N/D           19         ARZM03023         Camelia         Entre Ríos         53         AD3 *         Red flint         N/D           20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75 *         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564 *         Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3*         Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 *         Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba	13	ARZM02005	Red flint	Santa Fe	47	ARZM18043	Red flint	La Pampa
16         ARZM03003         Camelia         Entre Ríos         50         ARZM20010         White flint         Río Negro           17         ARZM03013         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM21011         Yellow flint         Chubut           18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73 *         Yellow dent         N/D           19         ARZM03023         Camelia         Entre Ríos         53         AD3 *         Red flint         N/D           20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75 *         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564 *         Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3*         Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 *         Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB *         Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         60 </td <td>14</td> <td>ARZM02006</td> <td>Red flint</td> <td>Santa Fe</td> <td>48</td> <td>ARZM19010</td> <td>Yellow flint</td> <td>Neuquén</td>	14	ARZM02006	Red flint	Santa Fe	48	ARZM19010	Yellow flint	Neuquén
17         ARZM03013         Camelia         Entre Ríos         51         ARZM21011         Yellow flint         Chubut           18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73 *         Yellow dent         N/D           19         ARZM03023         Camelia         Entre Ríos         53         AD3 *         Red flint         N/D           20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75 *         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564 *         Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3*         Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 *         Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB *         Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26*         Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61	15	ARZM02016	Red flint	Santa Fe	49	ARZM19068	Red flint	Neuquén
18         ARZM03020         Camelia         Entre Ríos         52         B73 * Yellow dent         N/D           19         ARZM03023         Camelia         Entre Ríos         53         AD3 * Red flint         N/D           20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75 * Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564 * Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3* Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 * Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB * Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26* Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10* Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338* Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba </td <td>16</td> <td>ARZM03003</td> <td>Camelia</td> <td>Entre Ríos</td> <td>50</td> <td>ARZM20010</td> <td>White flint</td> <td>Río Negro</td>	16	ARZM03003	Camelia	Entre Ríos	50	ARZM20010	White flint	Río Negro
19         ARZM03023         Camelia         Entre Ríos         53         AD3 *         Red flint         N/D           20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75 *         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564 *         Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3*         Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 *         Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB *         Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26*         Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10*         Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338*         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12	17	ARZM03013	Camelia	Entre Ríos	51	ARZM21011	Yellow flint	Chubut
20         ARZM03034         Camelia         Entre Ríos         54         SC75 *         Yellow flint         N/D           21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564 *         Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3*         Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 *         Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB *         Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26*         Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10*         Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338*         Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14036         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           30         ARZM14110         Red flint         Córdoba         64         arz	18	ARZM03020	Camelia	Entre Ríos	52	B73 *	Yellow dent	N/D
21         ARZM04012         Red flint         Corrientes         55         F564 * Yellow flint         N/D           22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3* Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 * Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB * Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26* Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10* Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338* Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14056         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16	19	ARZM03023	Camelia	Entre Ríos	53	AD3 *	Red flint	N/D
22         ARZM04018         Camelia         Corrientes         56         LP3*         Red flint         N/D           23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 *         Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB *         Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26*         Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10*         Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338*         Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14056         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           31         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm	20	ARZM03034	Camelia	Entre Ríos	54	SC75 *	Yellow flint	N/D
23         ARZM06020         Red flint         Chaco         57         P21 *         Red flint         N/D           24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB *         Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26*         Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10*         Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338*         Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14056         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         64         arzm18029         White flint         N/D           31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67 <t< td=""><td>21</td><td>ARZM04012</td><td>Red flint</td><td>Corrientes</td><td>55</td><td>F564 *</td><td>Yellow flint</td><td>N/D</td></t<>	21	ARZM04012	Red flint	Corrientes	55	F564 *	Yellow flint	N/D
24         ARZM07140         Red flint         Formosa         58         WXEB *         Red flint         N/D           25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26*         Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10*         Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338*         Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14056         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM14110         Red flint         Córdoba         64         arzm18029         White flint         N/D           31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67	22	ARZM04018	Camelia	Corrientes	56	LP3*	Red flint	N/D
25         ARZM14004         Red flint         Córdoba         59         A26*         Yellow flint         N/D           26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10*         Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338*         Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14056         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM14110         Red flint         Córdoba         64         arzm18029         White flint         N/D           31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67         arzm18052         Red flint         N/D	23	ARZM06020	Red flint	Chaco	57	P21 *	Red flint	N/D
26         ARZM14044         Red flint         Córdoba         60         F10*         Yellow flint         N/D           27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338*         Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14056         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM14110         Red flint         Córdoba         64         arzm18029         White flint         N/D           31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67         arzm18052         Red flint         N/D	24	ARZM07140	Red flint	Formosa	58	WXEB *	Red flint	N/D
27         ARZM14049         Red flint         Córdoba         61         P1338*         Red flint         N/D           28         ARZM14056         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM14110         Red flint         Córdoba         64         arzm18029         White flint         N/D           31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67         arzm18052         Red flint         N/D	25	ARZM14004	Red flint	Córdoba	59	A26*	Yellow flint	N/D
28         ARZM14056         Red flint         Córdoba         62         arzm12209         Red flint         N/D           29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM14110         Red flint         Córdoba         64         arzm18029         White flint         N/D           31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67         arzm18052         Red flint         N/D	26	ARZM14044	Red flint	Córdoba	60	F10*	Yellow flint	N/D
29         ARZM14103         Red flint         Córdoba         63         arzm18054         Yellow flint         N/D           30         ARZM14110         Red flint         Córdoba         64         arzm18029         White flint         N/D           31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67         arzm18052         Red flint         N/D	27	ARZM14049	Red flint	Córdoba	61	P1338*	Red flint	N/D
30         ARZM14110         Red flint         Córdoba         64         arzm18029         White flint         N/D           31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67         arzm18052         Red flint         N/D	28	ARZM14056	Red flint	Córdoba	62	arzm12209	Red flint	N/D
31         ARZM16021         Red flint         Mendoza         65         arzm01151         Red flint         N/D           32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67         arzm18052         Red flint         N/D	29	ARZM14103	Red flint	Córdoba	63	arzm18054	Yellow flint	N/D
32         ARZM16026         Red flint         Mendoza         66         arzm06070         Red flint         N/D           33         ARZM16035         Red flint         Mendoza         67         arzm18052         Red flint         N/D	30	ARZM14110	Red flint	Córdoba	64	arzm18029	White flint	N/D
33 ARZM16035 Red flint Mendoza 67 arzm18052 Red flint N/D	31	ARZM16021	Red flint	Mendoza	65	arzm01151	Red flint	N/D
	32	ARZM16026	Red flint	Mendoza	66	arzm06070	Red flint	N/D
34 ARZM16050 Red flint Mendoza 68 SC66 * Yellow flint N/D	33	ARZM16035	Red flint	Mendoza	67	arzm18052	Red flint	N/D
	34	ARZM16050	Red flint	Mendoza	68	SC66 *	Yellow flint	N/D

2005 y 2006; De Costa et al., 2007). The final concentration was reached by a gradual increment of 25mM NaCl every two days (Rao & McNelly, 1999; Cicek & Cakirlar, 2002; Khan & McNeilly, 2003). After 14 days of salt treatment, the seedlings were harvested. The length for shoot, radicle and third leaf (SL, RL and LL, respectively) were recorded. Shoot and radicle were separated and the samples were dried for two days until constant weight, for dry mass determination (SDW and RDW respectively). These traits were measured in both treatments and were identified by the subscript c and s (no stress and stress conditions, respectively).

The salinity tolerance indices were calculated as follows:

- 1. Stress Susceptibility Index (SSI): SSI= (1-(Ysi/Ypi))/SI (Fischer & Maurer, 1978);
- 2. Stress Tolerance Index (STI): STI= (Ypi xYsi)/Yp<sup>2</sup> (Fernandez, 1992);
- 3. Tolerance Index (TOL): TOL=Ypi-Ysi (Rosielle & Hamblin, 1981);
- 4. Geometric Mean Productivity (GMP): GMP= vYpixYsi (Fernandez, 1992);
- 5. Mean Productivity (MP): MP= (Ypi+Ysi)/2 (Rosielle & Hamblin, 1981);
- 6. Yield Stability Index (YSI): YSI=Ysi/Ypi (Bouslama & Schapaugh, 1984; Gavuzzi et al., 1997)

Where:

Ysi= yield of cultivar in stress condition, Ypi= yield of cultivar in normal condition And SI that is stress intensity, where: SI= 1- (Ys/Yp) Ys= total yield mean in stress condition, Yp= total yield mean in normal condition.

### Statistical analysis

Means and standard deviation were calculated for the traits in non-stressed and stressed traits, separately. The analysis of variance for the traits and the indices were estimated in both treatments. The ANOVA allowed partitioning the total observed variance into two components, between and within accessions. As a random model was assumed, the phenotypic variance

$$(\sigma_f^2)$$
 genotype variance  $(\sigma_g^2)$ , and the residual variance  $(\sigma_g^2)$  were calculates as:

$$\sigma_f^2 = MST/k$$
 $\sigma_g^2 = (MST-MSR)/k$ 
 $\sigma_g^2 = MSR$ 

Where:

MST: Between accessions Means Square MSR: Within accessiones Means Square

k: 
$$\sigma_g^2 \sum_{i=1}^g r_i$$
 (  $r_i = replicate$ )

The Intraclass correlation coefficient (t) was calculated as a relative proportion of genetic variance of the variance total, and it is considered as a broad heritability (Falconer & Mackay, 1996). It was used the GENES Software for Windows (Cruz, 2001). Intraclass correlation coefficient (t):

$$t = \frac{\hat{\phi}_g^2}{\hat{\phi}_g^2 + \hat{\sigma}^2}$$

The Pearson correlation coefficients (r) among the different indices were estimated in both treatments (Sokal & Rolf, 1995).

Principal component (PC) analysis (PCA) was calculated by each trait. The first (PC1) and second (PC2) principal component were used to graphic traits measured on both tolerance Indices and accessions (Sneath & Sokal, 1973). Cumulative Variance Percentage and eigenvectors coefficients (scores) of the PC1 and PC2 were estimated per each trait to identify the relative importance of the traits and indices and their inter-relationships.

# **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

The results of analyses of variance for SL, LL, RL, SDM and RDM measured in absolute value in both environments (stress and non-stress) and the indices of tolerance are given in Table 2. All the traits showed significant differences in both environments. These results indicate the presence of genetic diversity in the material under testing, as it was found by various authors (Darvishzadeh et al., 2010; Talebi et al., 2009). Furthermore, also the indices showed significant differences, which could be indicating that genotypes were differing in each tolerance index. This is in agreement with the results of Gholipouri et al. (2009) and Anwar et al. (2011).

Characters associated with leaf length and seedling length presented the highest mans and phenotypic variances growing without stress. Conversely, in a salty environment, the biomass traits (root and shoot dry weight) and root length reached the highest values (Table 3). The intraclass coefficient (t) estimated for all the traits were greater in non-stress environment than in stress environment; with the exception of the traits in root (RL). The non-stress environment favors a better expression of genotypic potential and in consequence, a higher heritability was estimated. These are in agreement with the results of Fernandez (1992). However, the RL measured in salinity conditions showed most genetic variability than in controls, which could be due to a survival strategy associated to tolerance.

The principal component multivariate method was applied to the results to identify and select the variables that best explained the observed variability (Table 4 and Fig. 1). The total variability explained retaining two axes was 0.77. SL showed the highest association with PC1 (0.51), while RL and SDW were those that presented greater association with PC2 (-0.53 and 0.56 respectively). According to the results obtained only

Table 2: Analysis of variance for different traits of maize seedling tested under non salt and salt stress conditions and tolerance indexes. Means Squares between accessions and within (Error). Where: trait in non-stressed (Xc), trait in stressed (Xs); tolerance index (TOL); yield stability index (YSI); stress susceptibility index (SSI); geometric mean productivity (GMP); mean productivity (MP) and stress tolerance index (STI). \*\*,\*, indicates differences significant at p <0.01; 0.05 respectively, while ns, denotes not significantly differences. Leaf length in non-stress (LLc); Leaf length in stress (LLs); Root length in non-stress (RLc); Root length in stress (SLs); Shoot dry weight in non-stress (SDWs); Shoot dry weight in non-stress (RDWc); Root dry weight in stress (RDWc)

			Leaf L	ength (LL)					
Source of	df	LLc	LLs	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
variation		(cm)	(cm)						
Accessions	67	39.9**	31.7**	50.7**	0.13**	526**	24.6**	23.3**	0.23**
Error	134	9.04	10.55	10.4	0.03	110	7.6	5.9	0.06
			Poot I	ength (RL)					
Source of	df	RLc	RLs	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
variation	ui ui	(cm)	(cm)	IOL	101	001	Civii	IVII	011
Accessions	67	27.2**	32.4**	55.7**	0.22**	31.7**	16.16**	15.9**	0.22**
Error	134	5	3.39	3.37	0.01	1.9	2.2	2.3	0.03
			Shoot L	ength (SL)	1				
Source of	df	SLc	SLs	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
variation		(cm)	(cm)						
Accessions	67	71.2**	55.0**	86.7**	0.13**	75.9**	42.2**	41.5**	0.19**
Error	134	12.4	19.5	19.5	0.02	15	8.05	7.9	0.04
			Shoot Dry	Weiath (SI	DW)				
Source of	df	SDWc	SDWs	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
variation		(mg)	(mg)						
Accessions	67	226**	317**	434**	0.46**	28.3**	156**	164**	0.63**
Error	134	46	74	73	0.07	4.2	39	34	0.18
			Root Dry V	Veigth (RD	W)				
Source of	df	RDWc	RDWs	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
variation		(mg)	(mg)						
Accessions	67	141**	702**	696**	2.27**	1.1**	191**	249**	2.9**
Error	134	31	236	234	0.47	0.23	43	69	0.88

these traits and their respective indices of tolerance are to be analyzed.

To determine the most desirable salinity tolerance criteria, the phenotypic correlation coefficient (r) between each morphological trait (RL, SL and SDW) and other quantitative indices of salinity tolerance were calculated (Table 5, a, b and c).

There were a peak correlation for SL in both environments (r=0.32) or no correlation for RL and SDW (r=0.07; 0.21 respectively). Thus, indirect selection for a salinity tolerance based on the results of optimum conditions will not be efficient. These results are in agreement with those of Sio-Se Mardeh. et al. (2006), Souri, J. et al. (2005) and Anwar et al. (2011) who found that the grain yield under irrigated condition was adversely correlated with that in rain-fed condition suggesting that a high potential yield under optimum condition does not necessarily result in improved yield under stress.

There were positive and significant correlations between traits (SL, RL, and SDW) and the indices: MP, GMP, TOL and STI in non-stress and salinity stress. In consequence, GMP, MP and STI appeared as better predictors of these traits than TOL and SSI. Our results were consistent with those reported by Fernández (1992) in mungbean (*Phaseolus aureus* Roxb.), Farshadfar Sutka (2002) and Jafari et al. (2009) in maize (*Zea mays* L.), Anwar et al. (2011) in wheat and Kristin et al. (1997) in common bean (*Phaseolus vulgaris* L.).

Stress tolerance (TOL) was positive and significantly correlated with all the traits in non-stress conditions while these correlations were negative under stress. Larger TOL values represent relatively more sensitivity to stress, thus smaller TOL values is preferable. In consequence the selection based on TOL index tends to favor genotypes with low expression of the trait under non-stressed conditions and high expression under stressed conditions (Fernandez, 1992; Paunescu & Boghici, 2008; Golabadi et al., 2006).

Table 3: Means, phenotypic variance () and intraclass correlation coefficient (t). Where: trait in non-stressed (Xc), trait in stressed (Xs), tolerance index (TOL), yield stability index (YSI), stress susceptibility index (SSI), geometric mean productivity (GMP), mean productivity (MP) and stress tolerance index (STI). Leaf length in non-stress (LLc); Leaf length in stress (LLs); Root length in non-stress (RLc); Root length in stress (RLs); Shoot length in non-stress (SLc); Shoot dry weight in non-stress (SDWc); Shoot dry weight in stress (RDWc); Root dry weight in stress (RDWc).

traits		LLc (cm)	LLs (cm)	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
Leaf Length	Means	20.26	19.82	0.42	1.00	-0.18	19.74	19.98	0.99
(LL)	$oldsymbol{\sigma}_f^2$	13.32	10.57	16.90	0.04	175.62	8.19	7.77	0.08
	t	0.53	0.4	0.56	0.55	0.55	0.43	0.49	0.50
		RLc (cm)	RLs (cm)	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
Root Length	Means	16.90	18.38	-1.47	1.12	1.44	17.46	17.64	1.08
(RL)	$\hat{\sigma}_f^2$	9.07	10.81	18.57	0.07	10.57	5.36	5.30	0.08
	t	0.6 SLc (cm)	0.74 SLs (cm)	TOL	0.83 YSI	0.84 SSI	0.67 GMP	0.66 MP	0.66 STI
Shoot Length	Means	28.82	30.00	-1.18	1.06	1.58	29.18	29.41	1.05
(SL)	$oldsymbol{\sigma}_f^2$	23.75	18.34	28.89	0.04	25.32	14.07	13.84	0.06
	t	0.61	0.38	0.53	0.58	0.57	0.58	0.59	0.56
Shoot Dry		SDWc (mg)	SDWs (mg)	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
Weigth	Means	1.05	1.18	-0.14	1.19	1.46	1.09	1.12	1.15
(SDW)	$oldsymbol{\sigma}_f^2$	75.59	105.84	144.93	0.16	9.44	52.33	54.75	0.21
	t	0.56	0.52	0.62	0.66	0.66	0.5	0.56	0.45
Root Dry Weigth (RDW)		RDWc (mg)	RDWs (mg)	TOL	YSI	SSI	GMP	MP	STI
	Means	0.77	1.87	-1.10	2.59	1.11	1.17	1.32	2.49
	$\sigma_f^2$	47.00	234.31	232.05	0.76	0.37	63.81	83.20	0.98
	t	0.53	0.4	0.39	0.56	0.56	0.53	0.46	0.44

The stress susceptibility index (SSI) had significant positive correlation with yield under stress and a lower negative correlation with the traits in normal condition. Thus, a small value of SSI is desirable and selection for this parameter would also tend to favor low yielding genotypes, but to a much smaller extent than selection for TOL index. These results were consistent with those reported by Clark et al. (1992) and Golabadi et al. (2006).The YSI index showed the same behavior than the SSI index.

No significant correlations were observed between TOL with GMP, MP and STI in all the traits. This could be indicating that each index may be a potential indicator of different biological responses to salinity and that the combination of high GM and STI with a low to moderate TOL is biologically attainable in maize, thereby combining different traits that associate with each index. The same results were reported by Golabadi et al. (2006).

The application of a combination of indices to select genotypes of maize for salt tolerance in seedling stage may provide a more useful criterion of improvement.

However the study of correlation coefficients is useful in finding the degree of overall linear association between any two attributes. Thus, a better approach than a correlation analysis such as biplot is needed to identify the superior genotypes for both stress and non-stress environments (Fig 2, a, b and c). Principal component analysis (PCA) revealed similar outcomes for each trait since the first PCAs explained about 50% of the variation in RL, SL and SDW. This component positively correlated with MP, STI and GMP. However, these traits measured in both environments showed different behavior. The RLs exhibit greater correlation with the first component than RLc and identical results were obtained for SDW: while SLc had a greater association with the first component than SLs. In this way, we could infer that GMP, MP and STI would be defined mainly by RL and SDW measured in salinity. Thus, the first dimension can be named as the yield potential and stress tolerance (table 6). Considering the high and positive value of this component, genotypes that have higher values of these indices will be high yielding under stress and non-stress environments. The second

STI

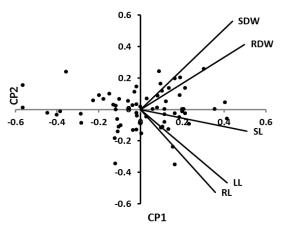
0.74\*\*

0.79\*\*

-0.14ns

Table 4. Phenotypic correlation estimated using Pearson's coefficient (r) for different traits of maize seedling tested under non salt and salt stress conditions and stress tolerance indices: tolerance index (TOL), yield stability index (YSI), stress susceptibility index (SSI), mean productivity (MP), geometric mean productivity (GMP) and stress tolerance index (STI). \*\*,\*, indicates differences significant at p <0.01; 0.05 respectively, while ns, denotes not significantly differences. Shoot length in non-stress (SLc); Shoot length in stress (SLs). \*\*,\*, indicates differences significant at p <0.01; 0.05 respectively, while ns, denotes not significantly differences Root length in non-stress (RLc); Root length in stress (RLs). \*\*,\*, indicates differences significant at p <0.01; 0.05 respectively, while ns, denotes not significantly differences. Shoot dry weight in non-stress (SDWc); Shoot dry weight in stress (SDWs).

#### a) Shoot length (SL) SLc SLs TOL YSI SSI **GMP** MP SLs 0.32 \* TOL 0.65\*\* -0.51\*\* YSI -0.70\*0.43\*\* -0.98\*\* SSI 0.43\*\* -0.98\*\* 1.00\*\* -0.70\*\* 0.84\*\* 0.77\*\* **GMP** -0.23ns -0.23ns 0.15ns MP 0.84\*\* 0.78\*\* -0.21ns -0.21ns 1.00\*\* 0.14ns 0.99\*\* STI 0.84\*\* 0.77\*\* 0.15ns -0.22ns -0.23ns 1.00\*\* b) Root length (RL) RLc RLs TOL YSI SSI **GMP** MP 0.07ns RLs TOL 0.65\*\* -0.72\*\* YSI -0.70\*\* 0.64\*\* -0.98\*\* 0.64\*\* -0.98\*\* 1.00\*\* SSI -0.70\*\* **GMP** 0.71\*\* 0.74\*\* -0.07ns -0.02ns -0.02ns MP 0.70\*\* 0.76\*\* -0.09ns 0.00ns 0.00ns 1.00\*\* 1.00\*\* STI 0.71\*\* 0.74\*\* -0.07ns -0.02ns -0.02ns 0.99\*\* c) Shoot Dry Weight (SDW) SDWc SDWs TOL YSI SSI **GMP** MP SDWc 0.21ns TOL 0.55\*\* -0.70\*\* YSI -0.57\*\* 0.63\*\* -0.96\*\* SSI -0.57\*\* 0.63\*\* -0.96\*\* 1.00\*\* **GMP** 0.76\*\* 0.78\*\* 0.04ns -0.12ns 0.04ns MP 0.73\*\* 0.82\*\* 0.99\*\* -0.17ns 0.10ns 0.10ns



0.06ns

0.06ns

0.98\*\*

0.98\*\*

Figure 1. Biplot for accessions (dots) and traits for maize seedling growing in salinity. Where: leaf length (LL, cm), shoot length (SL, cm), root length (RL, cm), shoot dry weight (SDW, mg) and root dry weight (RDW, mg).

Table 5: Principal component analysis of maize seedling in salinity. Cumulative variance percentage and eigenvectors coefficient for first and second principal component (PC1 and PC2, respectively). Where: root length (RL, cm), shoot length (SL, cm), leaf length (LL, cm), root dry weight (RDW, mg) and shoot dry weight (SDW, mg).

Component	Cumulative	Variables							
Component	variance (%)	RL	SL	LL	RDW	SDW			
PC1	0.58	0.36	0.51	0.41	0.49	0.41			
PC2	0.77	-0.53	-0.14	-0.46	0.41	0.56			

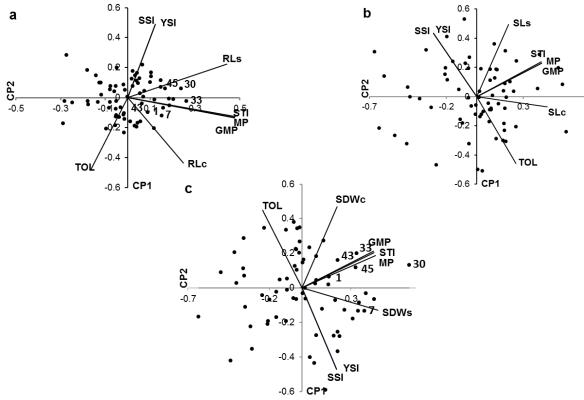


Figure 2. Biplot of accessions (dots) and e traits: a) Root Length (RL) in maize seedling; b) Shoot Length (SL) and c) Shoot Dry Weight (SDW). Where: trait in non-stressed (Xc), trait in stressed (Xs), tolerance index (TOL), yield stability index (YSI), stress susceptibility index (SSI), mean productivity (MP), geometric mean productivity (GMP), stress tolerance index (STI).

component explained about 40% of the total variation in the traits evaluated, correlated with SSI, YSI and TOL. Therefore, the second component can be named as a stress-tolerant dimension and it separates the stress-tolerant genotypes from non-stress tolerant. Thus, selection of genotypes that have high PCA1 and low PCA2 are suitable for both stress and non-stress environments. These results were in agreement with findings by Nazari & Pakniyat (2010) in barley, Siahsar et al. (2010) in lentil lines, Golabadi *et al.* (2006) in durum wheat and Nouri et al. (2011) in wheat genotypes (table 5).

The correlation coefficient among any two indices is approximately by the cosine of the angle between their vectors. Thus,  $r = \cos 180^\circ = -1$ ,  $\cos 0^\circ = 1$ , and  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ ,  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ , and  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ ,  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ , and  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ ,  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ ,  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ , and  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ ,  $\cos 180^\circ = -1$ ,

90°=0 (Yan & Rajcan, 2002). The most prominent relations revealed by these biplot are: (i) a strong negative association between SSI and YSI with TOL, as indicated by the large obtuse angles between their vectors, (ii) a near zero correlation between SSI and TOL with GMP and MP, as indicated by the near perpendicular vectors and (iii) a positive association between Yp and Ys with MP, GMP, and STI, as indicated by the acute angles. The results obtained from biplot graph confirmed the correlation analysis. These results are in agreement with the findings of Fernandez (1992), Farshadfar & Sutka (2002) and Golabadi et al. (2006) (table 4).

Table 6: Principal component analysis of maize in salinity for Root Length (RL), Shoot Length (SL) and Shoot Dry Weigth (SDW). Cumulative variance percentage and eigenvectors coefficient for first and second principal component (PC1 and PC2, respectively). Where: trait in non-stressed (c), trait in stressed (s), tolerance index (TOL), yield stability index (YSI), stress susceptibility index (SSI), geometric mean productivity (GM), mean productivity (MP) and stress tolerance index (STI).

Component	Cumulative	RL							
	variance (%)	С	S	TOL	YSI	SSI	GM	MP	STI
PC1	0.51	0.25	0.44	-0.16	0.12	0.12	0.48	0.48	0.48
PC2	0.99	-0.44	0.22	-0.48	0.49	0.49	-0.14	-0.12	-0.13
			SL						
		С	S	TOL	YSI	SSI	GM	MP	STI
PC1	0.58	0.46	0.20	0.25	-0.28	-0.28	0.42	0.41	0.42
PC2	0.99	-0.07	0.49	-0.46	0.43	0.43	0.23	0.24	0.23
		SDW							
		С	S	TOL	YSI	SSI	GM	MP	STI
PC1	0.54	0.21	0.46	-0.24	0.21	0.21	0.44	0.45	0.44
PC2	0.98	0.47	-0.13	0.45	-0.47	-0.47	0.21	0.19	0.20

#### CONCLUSSION

In the world, saline environments show a great spatial variation in relation to the soil salt concentration. For this reason it is important to identify genotypes with stable behavior in a variety of saline environments during a breeding program to salinity tolerance. In this study, SDW and RL traits showed the greater contribution to indices GMP, MP and STI in salinity. graphics showed relationships among accessions, traits and salinity tolerance indices. GMP, MP and STI indices helped to identify the better (group A genotype) and stable accessions, characterized by a high expression of these characters in both environments. The application of Principal Component method showed that shoot dry weight and root length had the highest contribution and both were associated with these above indices in salinity. Therefore, the genotypes: 1, 7, 30, 33, 43 and 45 had stable values of the traits RL and SDW. Within this group the 30 and 33 entries were superiors because they had the highest PC1 scores in most of the variables but its PC2 scores were rather small for the most of the variables. As consequence both could be identified as group A genotypes determined by Fernandez (1992).

## REFERENCES

**Al-Khatib, M., T. McNeilly & J.C. Collins.** 1993. The potential for selection abd breeding for improved salt tolerance in Lucerne (*Medicago sativa L.*). Euphytica 65: 43-51

Anwar, J., G. Subhani, H. Makhdoom, J. Ahmad, H.Mujahid & M. Munir. 2011. Drought tolerance indices and their correlation with yield in exotic wheat genotypes. Pakistan Journal of Botany 43: 1527-1530. Ashraf, F.M. & T. McNeilly. 1990. Improvement of salt

tolerance in maize for selection and breeding. Plant Breeding 104: 101-107.

Ashraf, M.Y., A.H. Khan & A.R. Azmi. 1992. Cell membrane stability and its relation with some physiological process in wheat. Acta Agronomica Hungarica 41: 183-191.

**Ashraf, M., T. McNeilly & A.D. Bradshaw.** 1994. The potential for evolution of salt tolerance in seven grass species. New Phytologist 103: 299-309.

**Ashraf, M.Y., M.H. Naqvi & A.H. Khan.** 1996. Evaluation of four screening techniques for drought tolerance in wheat (*Triticum aestivum L.*). Acta Agronomica Hungarica 44: 213-220.

Ashraf M.Y., A.H. Khan, A.R. Azmi & S.S.M. Naqvi. 1999. Comparison of screening techniques used in breeding for drought tolerance in wheat. In: Proc. New Genetical Approaches to crop improvement II. Ed. Naqvi, S.S.M. pp. 513-525.

Ashraf M.Y., K. Akhtar, G. Sarwar & M. Ashraf. 2002. Evaluation of arid and semi-arid ecotypes of guar (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba L.*) for salinity (NaCl) tolerance. Journal Arid Environmental 52: 437-482.

Ashraf, M.Y., M. Ashraf & G. Sarwar. 2005. Response of okra (*Hibiscus esculentus*) to drought and salinity stress. In: Vegetables: Growing Environment and Mineral Nutrition. Ed. Dris, R., WFL Publisher (Helsinki, Finland) pp. 166-177.

Ashraf, M.Y., K. Akhter, F. Hussain & J. Iqbal. 2006. Screening of different accessions of three potential

grass species from cholistan desert for salt tolerance. Pakistan Journal of Botany 38: 1589-1597.

Azevedo Neto A., J. Tarquinio Prisco, J. Enéas-Filho, C. Lacerda, J. Vieira Silva, P. Alves da Costa & E. Gomes-Filho. 2004. Effects of salt stress on plant growth, stomatal response and solute accumulation of different maize genotypes. Brazilian Journal of Plant Physiology 16: 31-38.

Azevedo Neto A., J. Tarquinio Prisco, J. Enéas-Filho, J. Medeiros & E. Gomes-Filho. 2005. Effects of salt stress on plant growth, stomatal response and solute accumulation of different maize genotypes. Journal of Plant Physiology 162: 1114-1122.

Azevedo Neto A., J. Tarquinio Prisco, J. Enéas-Filho, C. Abreu & E. Gomes-Filho. 2006. Effect of salt stress on antioxidative enzymes and lipid peroxidation in leaves and roots of salt-tolerant and salt-sensitive maize genotypes. Environmental and Experimental Botany 56: 87–94.

**Blum, A.** 1980. Genetic improvement of drought adaptation. In: Adaptation of plants to water and high temperature stress. N.C. Turner and P.J. Kramer (ed.) John Filey and Sons, New York. pp. 450-452

**Bouslama M., & W.T. Schapaugh.** 1984. Stress tolerance in soybean. Part 1: evaluation of three screening techniques for heat and drought tolerance. Crop Sciences 24: 933-937.

**Cicek, N. & H. Cakirlar.** 2002. The effect of salinity on some physiological parameters in two maize cultivars. Bulgarian Journal of Plant Physiology 28: 66-74.

Clarke J., R. De Pauw, T. Townley-Smith. 1992. Evaluation of methods for quantification of drought tolerance in wheat. Crop Sciences 32: 728-732.

**Collado**, M.B., M.J. Arturi, M.B. Aulicino & M.C. **Molina.** 2010. Identification of salt tolerance in seedling of maize (*Zea mays L.*) with the cell membrane stability trait. International Research Journal of Plant Science 1: 126-132.

**C.D. Cruz.** 2001. Programa Genes: Versao Windows, aplicativo computacional em genética e estadística. UFV Viçosa, Brasil, 2001, pp. 648.

Darvishzadeh, R., A. Pirzad, H. Hatami-Maleki, S. Poormohammad Kiani & A. Sarrafi. 2010. Evaluation of the reaction of sunflower inbred lines and their F1 hybrids to drought conditions using various stress tolerance indices. Spanish Journal of Agricultural Research 8: 1037-1046.

**De Costa W., C. Zörb, W. Hartung & S. Schubert**. 2007. Salt resistance is determined by osmotic adjustment and abscisic acid in newly developed maize hybrids in the first phase of salt stress. Physiologia Plantarum 131: 311-321.

**Falconer D. & T. Mackay**. 1996. Introduction to quantitative genetics. 4th ed., Addison Wesley Longman, Harlow, Essex U.K. pp. 459

**Farshadfar E. & J. Sutka.** 2002. Multivariate analysis of drought tolerance in wheat substitution lines. Cereal Research Communications 31: 33-39.

**Fernandez G.C.J.** 1992. Effective selection criteria for assessing plant stress tolerance. In: Proceeding of Symposium. Taiwan, 13-16 Aug. Chapter 25: 257-270.

**Fischer R.A. & R. Maurer.** 1978. Drought resistance in spring wheat cultivars. I. Grain yield responses. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research 29: 897-912.

**Fortmeier R. & S. Schubert**. 1995. Salt tolerance of maize (Zea mays L.): the role of sodium exclusion. Plant.Cell and Environment 18: 1041-1047.

Gavuzzi, P., F. Rizza, M. Palumbo, R.G. Campanile, G.L. Ricciardi & B. Borghi. 1997. Evaluation of field and laboratory predictors of drought and heat tolerance in winter cereals. Canadian Journal of Plant Science 77(4): 523-531.

**Golabadi, M., A. Arzani & S.A. Mirmohammadi Maibody.** 2006. Assessment of drougth tolerance in segregation populations in durum wheat. African Agricultural Journal Research 1: 162-171.

**Gholipouri, A., M. Sedghi, R.S. Sharifi & N.M. Nazari. 2009.** Evaluation of drought tolerance indices and their relationship with grain yield in wheat cultivars. Recent Research Sciences Technology 1: 195-198.

**Igartua, E. 1995**. Choice of selection environment for improving crop yields in saline areas. Theoretical and Applied Genetics 91: 1016-1021.

**Jafari, A., F. Paknejada & M. Jami AL-Ahmadi. 2009**. Evaluation of selection indices for drought tolerance of corn (*Zea mays* L.) hybrids. International Journal of Plant Production 3: 33-38.

**Karami, A., M. Ghanadha, M. Naghavi & M. Mardi**. 2006. Identification Drought Tolerance Varieties in Barley (*Hordeum vulgare* L.). Iranian Journal Crop Sciences 37: 371-379.

Khalili, M., M. Kazemi, A. Moghaddam & M. Shakiba. 2004. Evaluation of drought tolerance indices at different growth stages of late-maturing corn genotypes. Proceedings of the 8<sup>th</sup> Iranian Congress of Crop Science and Breeding. Rasht, Iran, pp. 298.

**Kebebew, F. & T. McNeilly.** 1994. The genetic basis of variation in salt tolerance in Pearl Millet, *Pennisetum americanum L. Leeke*. Journal of Genetics Breeding 50: 129-136.

**Khan, A.A. & T. McNeilly.** 2005. Triple test cross analysis for salinity tolerance based upon seedling root length in maize (*Zea mays L.*). Breeding Science 55: 321-325.

Kristin A., R. Serna, F. Perez, B. Enriquez & J. Gallegos. 1997. Improving common vean performance under drougth stress. Crop Sciences 37: 51-60.

Maiti, R.K., L.E. Amaya, S.I. Cardona, A.M. Dimas, M.H. de La Rosa-Ibarra & D. Castillo. 1996. Genotypic variability in maize cultivars (*Zea mays L.*) for resistance to drought and salinity. Journal of Plant Physiology 148: 741-744.

**Mitra, J.** 2001. Genetics and genetic improvement of drought resistance in crop plants. Current Sciences 80: 758-762.

Moayedi Ali Akbar, Amru Nasrulhaq Óbice & Syed Shahar Barakbah. 2009. Study on osmotic stress tolerance in promising durum wheat genotypes using drought stress indices. Research Journal of Agriculture and Biological Sciences 5: 603-607.

Nazari, L. & H. Pakniyat. 2010. Assessment of drought tolerance in barley genotypes. Journal of Applied Sciences 10: 151-156.

**Nouri, A., A. Etminan, J. Teixeira & R. Mohammadi.** 2011. Assessment of yield, yield-related traits and drought tolerance of durum wheat genotypes (*Triticum turjidum* var. *durum* Desf.). Australian Journal of Crop Sciences 5: 8-16.

- **Paunescu G. & O. Boghici.** 2008. Performance of several wheat cultivars under contrasting conditions of water stress in central part of oltenia. Romanian Agricultural Research 25: 13-19.
- **Rao, S.A. & T. McNeilly.** 1999. Genetic basis of variation for salt tolerance in maize (*Zea mays L*). Euphytica 108: 145- 450.
- **Rosielle A.A. & J. Hamblin.** 1981. Theoretical aspects of selection for yield in stress and non-stress environments. Crop Sciences 21: 943-946.
- Sammons, D.J., D.B. Peters & T. Hymowitz. 1978. Screening soybeans for drought resistance. I Growth chamber procedure. Crop Sciences 18: 1050-1055.
- **Siahsar B., S. Ganjali & M. Allahdoo.** 2010. Evaluation of Drought Tolerance Indices and Their Relationship with Grain Yield of Lentil Lines in Drought-stressed and Irrigated Environments. Australian Journal of Basic and Applied Sciences 4: 4336-4346.
- Sio-Se Mardeh A., A. Ahmadi, K. Poustini & V. Mohammadi. 2006. Evaluation of drought resistance

- indices under various environmental conditions. Field Crops Research 98: 222–229.
- Sneath P.H.A. & R.R. Sokal. 1973. Numerical Taxonomy: The principles and practice of numerical classification. In: W.H. Freeman & Co. (eds.). San Francisco.
- **Souri, J., H. Dehghani & S.H. Sabaghpour.** 2005. Study Pea (*Pisum sativum* L.) Genotypes in Water Stress Condition. Iranian Journal of Agricultural Sciences 36: 1517-1527.
- **Sokal, R.R. & F.J. Rolf.** 1995. Biometry, Third ed. W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- **Talebi R., F. Fayaz & A.M. Naji.** 2009. Effective selection criteria for assessing drought stress tolerance in durum wheat (*Triticum durum Desf.*). General and Applied Plant Physiology 35: 64–74.
- Yan W. & I. Rajcan. 2002. Biplot analysis of test sites and trait relations of soybean in Ontario. Crop Sciences 42: 11-20.