

female (based on size of maturity, in Jackson 1988, *op. cit.*) was collected in Green Cove Springs, Florida (ca. 45 km NE of UF 166509).

Although Chicken Turtles are probably common in Clay Co., given the number of ephemeral wetlands (the species' preferred habitat: Ewert et al. 2006. *In* P. Meylan [ed.], *Biology and Conservation of Florida Turtles*, pp. 249–259. *Chelon. Res. Monogr. No. 3*), they do not readily enter baited traps (Jackson 1996. *Chelon. Conserv. Biol.* 2:105–108), rendering encounters by herpetologists sporadic and likely explaining the paucity of records.

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GRAPTEMYS GEOGRAPHICA (Northern Map Turtle). USA: INDIANA: BOONE CO.: Starkey Park (39.940888°N, 86.268396°W; WGS 84). 18 July 2008. Todd Pierson. Verified by Elizabeth McGhee. Georgia Museum of Natural History (GMNH 50145 photo voucher). New county record (Minton 2001. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Indiana*, 2nd ed. Indiana Academy of Science, Indianapolis. xiv + 404 pp.).

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GRAPTEMYS OUACHITENSIS (Ouachita Map Turtle). USA: OHIO: MORGAN CO.: Windsor Township. Muskingum River (39.52733°N, 81.74521°W; WGS 84). 05 June 2011. Lynn Barnhart. Verified by John W. Ferner. Cincinnati Museum Center Herpetological Photodocumentation Collection (CMC HP 5949–5951). New county record (Wynn and Moody 2006. *Ohio Turtle, Lizard, and Snake Atlas*, Ohio Biol. Surv. Misc. Contrib. No. 10, Columbus). Adult female was found moving over land probably to or from a nesting site. Specimen represents the second record from the Muskingum River drainage (Davis and Krusling 2010. *Herpetol. Rev.* 41[3]:391–392). Nearest record is from approximately 70 km upstream in the Muskingum River.

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HYDROMEDUSA TECTIFERA (South American Snake-necked Turtle). ARGENTINA: BUENOS AIRES: Partido de Tornquist: Sierra de la Ventana: near Río Sauce Grande (38.130633°S, 61.793490°W; WGS84; 250 m elev.). 12 March 2012. D. Di Pietro. Herpetological Collection of Museo de La Plata, Buenos Aires, Argentina (MLP R 5717 hatchling turtle, 32 mm carapace length, road-killed during a heavy rain). Verified by P. Bona. Species previously known from Uruguay, eastern Paraguay, southeastern Brazil, and northeastern and central Argentina (Cabrera 1998. *Las Tortugas Continentales de Sudamérica Austral*. Córdoba, Argentina, Privately printed, 108 pp., 6 pls.; Fritz and Havaš 2007. *Vert. Zool.* 57:149–368). Southernmost locality for the species and extends its known distribution ca. 495 km airline SW from Roberto Pairó, Partido de Magdalena, Buenos Aires province, which was the previous nearest known locality (Cabrera 1998, *op. cit.*).

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INDOTESTUDO ELONGATA (Elongated Tortoise). VIETNAM: DAK LAK PROVINCE: BUON DON DISTRICT: Yok Don National Park (12.8599°N, 107.7054°E; WGS 84; 195 m elev.). 1 July 2004. Mark R. Bezuijen. Verified by Brian Horne. Photographic voucher deposited in Zoological Reference Collection, Raffles Museum of Biodiversity Research, National University of Singapore (ZRC [IMG] 2.161a–c). Adult, straight carapace length 22 cm, in dry dipterocarp forest along Dak Ken, a vegetated perennial stream; caught by residents (Ede ethnic minority), encountered with turtle at capture site, 1500 h. Measured and released. First record for Dak Lak Province (Nguyen et al. 2009. *Herpetofauna of Vietnam*. Edition Chimaira, Frankfurt am Main. 768 pp.). Most turtle records from Indochina are of specimens in commercial trade; few published wild records are available (Stuart and Platt 2004. *Asiatic Herpetol. Res.* 10:129–150).

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MESOCLEMMYS RANICEPS (Amazon Toad-headed Turtle). BRAZIL: AMAZONAS: MUNICIPALITY OF BERURI: 1) Piagaçu-Purus Sustainable Development Reserve, Tucumã Stream (4.75°S, 62.7°W; WGS84), Purus River in the Solimões River Basin. 26 September 2004. D. C. Balensiefer and R. C. Vogt. Collection of Amphibians and Reptiles, Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas da Amazônia, Manaus, Brazil (INPA-H 12482 immature male captured in a trammel net in 2.5 m of water, 239 mm straight-line carapace length [CL], 180 mm carapace width, 80 mm carapace height, 210 mm plastron length, 41 mm femoral scute length [FML], and 54 mm head width [HW]). 2) Tapera, Rio Negro (0.14456°S, 64.10242°W; WGS84). Museu de Zoologia da Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil (MZUSP 2640). 3) Canutama, Rio Purus, (6.5°S, 64.33333°W; WGS84) (MZUSP 2834, 2838). 4) MUNICIPALITY OF BARCELOS: City of Barcelos, hand collected in a drainage ditch, (0.93333°S, 62.98333°W; WGS84), in the Negro River Basin. 4 January 2004. R. C. Vogt. (INPA-H 11672, female of 287 mm CL, 210 mm CW, 90 mm CH, 235 mm PL, 43.5 mm FML, and 66.7 mm HW).

Specimens from MZUSP verified by P. A. Vanzolini, and specimens from INPA verified by R. Bernhard. Species known from the Amazon and upper Orinoco river basins, from Venezuela to Bolivia, including Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Brazil (Rueda-Almoncid et al. 2007. *Las Tortugas y los Cocodrillanos de los Países Andinos del Trópico*. Conservación Internacional, Andes CBC, Bogata. 537 pp.). In Brazil it is known from 20 dispersed localities in the following states: Acre (1), Amapá (1), Amazonas (13), Pará (2), and Rondônia (3), with many gaps between the localities. INPA-H 12482 is a new municipality record and fills a gap in the known distribution of this species to the southwest between specimen MZUSP 2640 ca. 352 km to the north and MZUSP 2834 and 2838 ca. 496 km to the south. INPA-H 11672 is new municipality record, 396 km upstream from Manaus.

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