

Ecohealth 8:116–120) and several inventories across Gabon (for summary see Frétey et al. 2011. Amphibiens d'Afrique centrale et d'Angola. Biotope, Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle, Paris. 232 pp.), this is the first known record of *N. corrugatus* for Gabon. It has previously been recorded in Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, and Nigeria (Amiet 1971. Ann. Fac. Sci. Cameroun 6:85–98; Boulenger 1904, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., Ser. 7, 13:261; De la Riva 1994. Rev. Esp. Herpetología 8:123–139). This record extends the known distribution of *N. corrugatus* ca. 106 km S of the nearest known record in Moka, Equatorial Guinea (Lasso et al. 2002. Graellsia 58:21–34). We thank ANPN for issuing permits (N: AE15018 /PR/ANPN/SE/CS/AEPN) and for providing logistical support.

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PSEUDACRIS CRUCIFER (Spring Peeper). USA: IOWA: RINGGOLD CO.: Ringgold Wildlife Management Area (40.59823°N, 94.14711°W; WGS 84), 331 m elev. 3 June 2016. Timothy M. Swartz. Verified by Christopher A. Phillips. Illinois Natural History Survey (INHS 2016f; photo voucher). A total of 31 individuals (28 larvae and 3 recently metamorphosed individuals) were captured by hand or dipnet in a shallow, partially-vegetated wetland. Individuals were photographed and released at the point of capture. New county record (LeClere 2013. A Field Guide to the Amphibians and Reptiles of Iowa. ECO Herpetological Publishing and Distribution, Rodeo, New Mexico. 349 pp.; Green et al. 2014. North American Amphibians: Distribution and Diversity. University of California Press, Berkeley, California. 352 pp.), extending the range of this species ca. 11.6 km NW of closest vouchered record (Hatfield, Missouri; Biodiversity Institute, University of Kansas [KU] 222314, 222315) and ca. 36.1 km SW of the closest Iowa record (J. LeClere, pers. comm.). This work was conducted under Scientific Collector's Permit SC1184 awarded by the Iowa Department of Natural Resources.

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PSEUDACRIS MACULATA (Boreal Chorus Frog). USA: WISCONSIN: TREMPPEALEAU CO.: Trempealeau National Wildlife Refuge (44.047045°N, 91.521138°W; WGS 84). April 1995. Allen Blake Sheldon. Verified by Joshua M. Kapfer. Milwaukee Public Museum (MPM VZP826; photo voucher). New county record that fills a gap in the species' documented range (Casper 1996. Geographic Distributions of the Amphibians and Reptiles of Wisconsin. Milwaukee Public Museum, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. 87 pp.). An adult was photographed in a small, shallow wetland ca. 0.75 mi. E of the visitors' center, north of the wildlife drive. Numerous individuals have been seen here, including a calling male as recent as April 2002.

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SCINAX EXIGUUS (Gran Sabana Snouted Treefrog). BRAZIL: RORAIMA: MUNICIPALITY OF BOA VISTA: Estação Ecológica Maracá: Lateral aterro trail (3.3698°N, 61.4418°W, WGS 84). 21 June 2011. Miguel T. Rodrigues, M. Teixeira Jr., R. Recoder, A. Camacho, S. M. Sousa, J. Cassimiro, A. Fouquet, and C. M. Carvalho. Verified by Julián Faivovich. Herpetological collection of Museu de Zoologia da Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil (MZUSP 157407). Adult male specimen.

MUNICIPALITY OF PARACÁIMA: Área BV8 (4.4846°N, 61.1545°W; WGS 84). 30 May 2011. Miguel T. Rodrigues, M. Teixeira Jr., R. Recoder, A. Camacho, S. M. Sousa, J. Cassimiro, A. Fouquet, and C. M. Carvalho. Verified by Julián Faivovich. MZUSP 157397–157403. All adult male specimens.

MUNICIPALITY OF TEPEQUÉM: Avião caído trail (3.766283°N, 61.699083°W; WGS 84). 1 June 2011. Miguel T. Rodrigues, M. Teixeira Jr., R. Recoder, A. Camacho, S. M. Sousa, J. Cassimiro, A. Fouquet, and C. M. Carvalho. Verified by Julián Faivovich. MZUSP 157404, 157405. Two adult males. An additional specimen (MZUSP 157406; adult male) was collected on 2 June 2011 ca. 2.7 km WNW from the Avião caído collection site.

This species is previously known from Northern part of the Gran Sabana (drainage of the Río Caroní), Estado de Bolívar, Venezuela, at elev. of 1210–1350 m (Duellman 1986. Copeia 1986:864–870; Gorzula and Señaris 1999. Scient. Guianae 8:41). First country records, the northernmost locality at municipality of Paracáima is ca. 159 km SSE from the type locality: Km 144 on the El Dorado-Santa Elena de Uairén Road in the Gran Sabana (5.88333°N, 61.38333°W), Estado de Bolívar, Venezuela (Duellman 1986, *op. cit.*), and 48 km SSW from the southernmost record for the species for Estado de Bolívar, Venezuela: Mapaurí, savannas (Gorzula and Señaris 1999, *op. cit.*). The locality at municipality Boa Vista is the southernmost known record for the species in Brazil, extending known range ca. 280 km S from the type locality in the Gran Sabana, Estado de Bolívar, Venezuela (Duellman 1986, *op. cit.*).

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TESTUDINES — TURTLES

APALONE MUTICA MUTICA (Midland Smooth Softshell). USA: ARKANSAS: PERRY CO.: large backwater of the Arkansas River, ca. 0.97 km from the confluence and 67 meters west of the Perry–Conway county line (35.085517°N, 92.643481°W; WGS 84), 81 m elev. 5 May 2014. Luke S. Pearson. Verified by William E. Duellman. University of Kansas Digital Archives (KUDA 012470–012472; photo voucher). One specimen was captured in a baited three-ring hoop net on sandy substrate. Individual had a large growth on the left forelimb between the first and second claws. This record fills a distribution gap between Pulaski County (ca. 50 river km SE) and Pope County (ca. 50 river km W). First county record (Trauth et al. 2004. The Amphibians and Reptiles of Arkansas. University of Arkansas Press, Fayetteville, Arkansas. 421 pp.; Roberts and Irwin 2012. Arkansas Herpetological Atlas 2012, Distributions of Amphibians and Reptiles. Available online at: <http://herpsofarkansas.com/wiki/uploads/Herp/Atlas/arherpatlas2012.pdf>).

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